Dilmatik
İngilizceyi Kolaylaştırır

General English
Grammar Series



A2
Pre-Intermediate

Past Simple – Was / Were

Past Simple (was / were), geçmişte bir kişinin veya birden fazla kişinin kim olduğunu, nerede olduğunu, nasıl olduğunu veya ne yaptığını söylemek için kullanılır.

1. Kullanım Alanları (When to Use?)

- Geçmişteki durumları, yerleri, zamanları ve duyguları anlatmak için kullanılır.
- **was** tekil (I, he, she, it) için, **were** çoğul (you, we, they) için kullanılır.

Örnekler:

- I **was** tired yesterday. (Dün yorgundum.)
- They **were** at the cinema last night. (Geçen gece sinemadaydılar.)



2. Olumlu Cümleler (Affirmative)

I	was	I **was** happy. (Mutluydum.)
You	were	You **were** at home. (Evdeydiniz.)
He / She / It	was	He **was** a student. (O bir öğrenciydi.)
We	were	We **were** on holiday. (Tatildeydik.)
They	were	They **were** at the cinema. (Sinemadaydılar.)



3. Olumsuz Cümleler (Negative)

I	was not (wasn't)	I **wasn't** busy. (Meşgul değildim.)
You	were not (weren't)	You **weren't** at school. (Okulda değildiniz.)
He / She / It	was not (wasn't)	She **wasn't** at home. (Evde değildi.)
We	were not (weren't)	We **weren't** late. (Geç kalmamıştık.)
They	were not (weren't)	They **weren't** at the party. (Partide değildiler.)

4. Soru Cümleleri (Question)

Was I ... ?	**Was** I busy? (Meşgul müydüm?)
Were you ... ?	**Were you** at school? (Okulda mıydınız?)
Was he / she / it ... ?	**Was she** at home? (Evde miydi?)
Were we ... ?	**Were we** late? (Geç mi kalmıştık?)
Were they ... ?	**Were they** at the party? (Partide miydiler?)



5. Kısa Cevaplar (Short Answers)

Yes	No
Yes, I was. Evet, öyleydim.	**No, I wasn't.** Hayır, değildim.
Yes, you were. Evet, öyleydiniz.	**No, you weren't.** Hayır, değildiniz.
Yes, he/she/it was. Evet, öyleydi.	**No, he/she/it wasn't.** Hayır, değildi.
Yes, we were. Evet, öyleydik.	**No, we weren't.** Hayır, değildik.
Yes, they were. Evet, öyleydiler.	**No, they weren't.** Hayır, değildiler.

6. Zaman İfadeleri (Time Expressions)

- **yesterday** (dün)
- **last night** (geçen gece)
- **last week** (geçen hafta)
- **last month** (geçen ay)
- **last year** (geçen yıl)
- **two days ago** (iki gün önce)
- **a week ago** (bir hafta önce)
- **in 2020** (2020'de)
- **when I was a child** (çocukken)
- **the other day** (öbür gün)



7. Örnek Diyalog (Example Dialogue)

A: **Were** you at the cinema last night?
B: Yes, **I was. I was** with my friends.

A: **Was** the film good?
B: Yes, **it was.** It was really interesting.



8. Önemli Notlar (Important Points)

1. **Was** tekil (I, he, she, it), **were** çoğul (you, we, they) için kullanılır.
2. Olumsuz cümlelerde **wasn't / weren't** kullanılır.
3. Soru cümlelerinde **was / were** özneden önce gelir.
4. Zaman ifadeleri (yesterday, last week gibi) cümlenin geçmişte olduğunu gösterir.

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PAST SIMPLE – WAS / WERE

GLOSSARY — KEY VOCABULARY

Telaffuzlar yaklaşık olarak Türkçe harflerle gösterilmiştir. Liste alfabetik olarak düzenlenmiştir.

English	Pronunciation (TR)	Türkçe Anlamı
at home	et houm	evde
at school	et skuul	okulda
at the cinema	et dı si-nı-mı	sinemada
away	ı-wey	uzakta / evde değil
bored	bord	sıkılmış
busy	bi-zi	meşgul
excited	ik-say-tıd	heyecanlı
famous	fey-mıs	ünlü
free	frii	müsait / boş
happy	he-pi	mutlu
ill	il	hasta
in the city centre	in dı si-ti sen-tır	şehir merkezinde
in the past	in dı past	geçmişte
interested	in-trıs-tıd	ilgili
last night	last nayt	dün gece
last week	last wiik	geçen hafta
last year	last yiır	geçen yıl
late	leyt	geç
lonely	loun-li	yalnız
nervous	nör-vıs	gergin
on holiday	on ho-lı-dey	tatilde
sad	sed	üzgün
surprised	sır-prayzd	şaşırmış
tired	tay-ırd	yorgun
two days ago	tu dey-z ı-gou	iki gün önce
unhappy	an-he-pi	mutsuz
yesterday	yes-tır-dey	dün
yesterday afternoon	yes-tır-dey af-tır-nuun	dün öğleden sonra
yesterday morning	yes-tır-dey mor-ning	dün sabah

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GRAMMAR EXERCISES

A. COMPLETE THE SENTENCES | ⭐

Parantez içindeki fiilin was veya were biçimini yazın.

1. I _____ tired yesterday. _____
2. They _____ at the cinema last night. _____
3. My parents _____ at work yesterday. _____
4. Emma _____ very happy after the exam. _____
5. We _____ at home on Sunday. _____

B. MAKE THE SENTENCES NEGATIVE | ⭐

Cümleleri wasn't veya weren't kullanarak olumsuz yapın.

1. He was at school yesterday. _____
2. We were busy last night. _____
3. I was nervous before the test. _____
4. They were at the party. _____
5. The film was interesting. _____

C. COMPLETE THE QUESTIONS | ⭐⭐

Boşluklara Was veya Were yazın.

1. _____ you tired after the journey?
2. _____ Sarah at the library yesterday?
3. _____ your friends at the match?
4. _____ it cold last night?
5. _____ your teacher busy this morning?

D. CHOOSE THE CORRECT FORM | ⭐⭐

Parantez içindeki doğru seçeneği yazın.

1. My brother (was / were) ill yesterday.
2. We (wasn't / weren't) late for class.
3. (Was / Were) your parents at home?
4. I (was / were) very excited.
5. The shops (was / were) closed last Sunday.

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GRAMMAR CHALLENGE

A. CORRECT THE MISTAKES | ⭐⭐

Her cümledeki hatayı düzeltip cümleyi yeniden yazın.

1. They was at the cinema last night. _____
2. Was you busy yesterday? _____
3. She weren't at home. _____
4. I were tired after work. _____
5. Were he happy with the result? _____

B. MAKE SENTENCES | ⭐⭐

Kelimeleri doğru sıraya koyarak cümleler kurun.

1. yesterday / I / tired / was _____
2. at the cinema / they / last night / were _____
3. not / he / yesterday / at school / was _____
4. we / last weekend / busy / were _____
5. the weather / yesterday / nice / was _____

C. COMPLETE WITH WASN'T OR WEREN'T | ⭐⭐

Anlama göre wasn't veya weren't yazın.

1. I _____ at the office; I was at home.
2. Tom _____ happy because he lost his phone.
3. We _____ at school because it was Sunday.
4. The shops _____ open late at night.
5. My sister _____ tired, but she went to bed early.

D. MAKE QUESTIONS | ⭐⭐⭐

Verilen kelimelerle soru cümleleri oluşturun.

1. you / at home / yesterday? _____
2. where / they / last night? _____
3. she / tired / after the trip? _____
4. your friends / at school / yesterday? _____
5. why / he / late / this morning? _____

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GRAMMAR IN CONTEXT

A. COMPLETE THE TEXT | ⭐

A Weekend in Edinburgh

Last weekend, Ethan and his sister Olivia travelled to Edinburgh for a short break. Their train journey 1) _____ quite long, and they 2) _____ a little tired when they arrived. Their hotel 3) _____ in the old town, only a few minutes from the castle. The weather on Saturday morning 4) _____ sunny, but the streets 5) _____ crowded because a music festival 6) _____ in the city. Ethan 7) _____ especially interested in the street performers, while Olivia 8) _____ more excited about the small bookshops. At lunchtime, the cafés 9) _____ very busy, so the children 10) _____ able to find a table outside. In the evening, they went to an outdoor concert. The music 11) _____ fantastic, and they 12) _____ back at the hotel until nearly midnight.

B. ANSWER THE QUESTIONS | ⭐

Metni tekrar okuyun. Soruları İngilizce tam cümlelerle cevaplayın.

1. Why was the hotel a convenient place for Ethan and Olivia?
2. Why weren't the streets crowded on Saturday morning?
3. What was Ethan particularly interested in?
4. What can you infer about Olivia from the activities she preferred?
5. Why were the visitors probably tired on Sunday morning?

C. COMPLETE THE CLOZE SUMMARY | ⭐⭐

Metindeki bilgileri kullanarak özeti tamamlayın. Her boşluğa uygun was/were biçimini yazın.

1. The train journey _____ quite long.
2. Ethan and Olivia _____ a little tired when they arrived.
3. Their hotel _____ in the old town.
4. The streets _____ crowded on Saturday morning.
5. The cafés _____ very busy at lunchtime.

D. FIND AND CHANGE | ⭐⭐⭐

Cümleleri istenen şekilde değiştirin.

1. Make this sentence negative: The streets were crowded on Saturday morning.
2. Make a question: Olivia was excited about the bookshops.
3. Combine the ideas: The concert was fantastic. Ethan and Olivia were happy.
4. Give a short answer: Were the cafés quiet at lunchtime? (No)
5. Explain why Ethan and Olivia were probably tired the next morning.

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GRAMMAR IN ACTION

A. COMPLETE THE DIALOGUE | ⭐

Diyaloğu bağlama göre was, were, wasn't veya weren't ile tamamlayın.

Nina: How 1) _____ your weekend, Marcus?

Marcus: It 2) _____ quite unusual. I 3) _____ at my cousin Daniel's house in the countryside.

Nina: 4) _____ the journey difficult?

Marcus: Yes, it 5) _____. The roads 6) _____ very busy, and the weather 7) _____ terrible.

Nina: 8) _____ Daniel's family at home when you arrived?

Marcus: No, they 9) _____. They 10) _____ at a local festival, so I waited for them at the house.

Nina: 11) _____ you alone for a long time?

Marcus: Not really. There 12) _____ a friendly neighbour next door, and we had a nice chat.

B. CHECK UNDERSTANDING | ⭐⭐

Diyaloğa göre soruları İngilizce tam cümlelerle cevaplayın.

1. Where was Marcus at the weekend?
2. Why was the journey difficult?
3. Where was Daniel's family when Marcus arrived?
4. Was Marcus alone for a long time? Explain.
5. Who did Marcus talk to while he waited?

C. SPEAKING: YESTERDAY | ⭐⭐

Aşağıdaki durumlar için en az iki takip sorusu sorun ve cevapları partnerinizle canlandırın.

1. Your friend was absent from work yesterday. Find out where they were and why.
2. Your colleague says the meeting was stressful. Ask about the people, place and atmosphere.
3. Your friend was at a festival last weekend. Ask about the weather and activities.
4. Someone was late for an important event. Ask what the problem was.
5. Your partner was on holiday recently. Ask where they were and what the place was like.

D. SPEAKING: LAST WEEK | ⭐⭐⭐

Sorulardan yararlanarak geçmişte yaşadığınız bir deneyimi 4–5 cümleyle anlatın.

1. Where were you last weekend?
2. Were you with your friends or family?
3. What was the weather like?
4. Was anything unexpected or unusual?
5. Were you happy with the experience? Why?

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ANSWER KEY — CEVAP ANAHTARI

A. GRAMMAR EXERCISES

A: 1. was; 2. were; 3. were; 4. was; 5. were.

B: 1. He wasn’t at school yesterday. 2. We weren’t busy last night. 3. I wasn’t nervous before the test. 4. They weren’t at the party. 5. The film wasn’t interesting.

C: 1. Were; 2. Was; 3. Were; 4. Was; 5. Was.

D: 1. was; 2. weren’t; 3. Were; 4. was; 5. were.

B. GRAMMAR CHALLENGE

A: 1. They were at the cinema last night. 2. Were you busy yesterday? 3. She wasn’t at home. 4. I was tired after work. 5. Was he happy with the result?

B: 1. I was tired yesterday. 2. They were at the cinema last night. 3. He wasn’t at school yesterday. 4. We were busy last weekend. 5. The weather was nice yesterday.

C: 1. wasn’t; 2. wasn’t; 3. weren’t; 4. weren’t; 5. wasn’t.

D: 1. Were you at home yesterday? 2. Where were they last night? 3. Was she tired after the trip? 4. Were your friends at school yesterday? 5. Why was he late this morning?

C. GRAMMAR IN CONTEXT

A: 1. was; 2. were; 3. was; 4. were; 5. was.

B: 1. She was very tired. 2. They were at the shopping centre. 3. No, it wasn’t. 4. They were at home in the evening. 5. He was happy because his favourite team won.

C: Kişisel cevaplar. Metne dayalı sorularda doğru ve tam cümleleri kabul edin.

D: 1. The train journey was quite long. 2. Ethan and Olivia were a little tired. 3. Their hotel was in the old town. 4. The streets weren’t crowded. 5. The cafés were very busy.

D. GRAMMAR IN ACTION

A: 1. was; 2. was; 3. was; 4. Was; 5. wasn’t; 6. were; 7. was; 8. Were; 9. weren’t; 10. were; 11. Were; 12. was.

B: 1. He was at his cousin Daniel’s house. 2. The roads were very busy and the weather was terrible. 3. They were at a local festival. 4. No, he wasn’t; he talked to a friendly neighbour. 5. He talked to the neighbour.

C–D: Personal answers. Check correct use of was/were and clear complete sentences.

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